No. 15,238.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1901-TWENTY-EIGHT PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

BRINGS NEW OFFER

M. Lampre Coming With Proposition From Panama Company.

PRICE SAID TO BE \$40,000,000

Belief in Paris That the Offer Will Be Accepted.

MATTERS TO BE DECIDED

PARIS, December 28.-M. Lampre, secretary general of the Panama Canal Company, sailed for New York today on the French line steamer l'Aquitaine, from Havre. He will confer on his arrival in the United States with a number of the Panama company's American representatives and overtures for the sale of the canal property to the United States will then be renewed.

In view of the doubt existing in the United States regarding the price the Panama Canal Company's representatives intend to ask for the property, the correspondent of the Associated Press made inquiries from the best source of information on that subject and is enabled to say that the price will be approximately \$40,000,000. This figure cannot yet be given as the exact one, because the company has not yet come to a definite decision, but it will not be appreciably higher. The isthmian commis-sion's full report is now in possession of the Panama company and its valuations will be studied in detail. The report of the directors of the Panama company, cabled to the Associated Press December 21, said: "We offer to accept as the basis and point of departure of fresh negotiations the fig-

ures and declarations contained in the isth-mian commission's definitive report." The estimates come to by such eminent men are not thought to be open to question, though, possibly, a few items are susceptible to reconsideration, and a few matters may remain to be decided, such as a valuation of the company's stocks of supplies; but none of these is calculated to modify the gross figure to any extent. The company does not intend to give the slight-est ground for any further misunderstanding and believes the definitive price put forward will now be acceptable. With M. Lampre in America it will not be necessary mandatory who is empowered to submit the definitive price to depart from France until later, when the negotiations are under way.

MISS STONE'S RESCUERS.

They Start From Salonica to Meet the

Brigands. CONSTANTINOPLE, December 28 .- W. W. Peet, treasurer of the missionary society in Constantinople, and M. Gargiulo, dragoman of the United States legation, who left here December 17 to meet the brigands who hold Miss Stone captive, have started from Salonica for the interior. news of their movements is to be expected for some days. The government, on representations made by the legation, has sent instructions to the provincial authorities to render the United States negotiators for the release of Miss Stone every assistance in their power. Spencer Eddy, United States charge d'af-

faires, attended a selamlik Thursday. He was cordially received by the sultan.

TWO KILLED IN TRAIN WRECK.

Quite a Number of Passengers Injured

at Nashua, N. H. NASHUA, N. H., December 28.-The Cannon Ball express train on the Boston and Maine railroad, due in this city from the north at 8:30 o'clock this morning, collided with a freight train in the north yard here. Engineer Edward Quimby and Fireman J. E. Marshall of the express were instantly killed and several of the other train hands and quite a number of the passengers were injured. The newsboy on the "Cannon Ball" could not be found after the accident and it was feared he was killed. The wreckage caught fire immediately after the

the Nashua fire department. NULLIFIED BY THE PORTE.

but the blaze was quickly extinguished by

Action of Officials at Beyrout Regarding American Citizens.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 28 .- The incident arising from the issuing of a notifleation by the authorities of Beyrout, Syria, to the effect that naturalized American citizens must renounce their naturalization within fifteen days under penalty of being expelled from Turkey, appears to have been satisfactorily closed, the Turk-ish foreign minister, Tewfik Pasha, having assured the United States legation that the action of the local authorities would have

ROSEBERY REPULSES OVERTURES. Not Willing to Cast His Lot With the

Liberals. LONDON, December 28.-It is asserted, upon apparently good authority, that the liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, has written a letter to Lord Rosebery in the hope of restoring unity among the liberals, but that Lord Rosebery declines to join his fortunes to those of the party in the present circumstances. Should this statement prove to be correct it will be considered a further proof of the sin-cerity of Sir Henry's efforts for party union, and will give him a new claim to the loyalty of the liberals, and thus strengthen his position as leader and the

effectiveness of the opposition. ROY S. HEDGES LOCATED.

Boston Youth Who Ran Away From

His Family. BOSTON, December 28.-In connection with the story of the disappearance of Roy S. Hedges, son of Col. Sidney M. Hedges of this city, from Pittsburg, Pa., where the family were visiting on Christmas night, the Post today says:

"Positive information that Roy S. Hedger is alive and well was received by the Post

"Young Mr. Hedges last evening was lo-cated in a town near Pittsburg, Pa., from which city he had mysteriously disappeared Christmas night. It is expected that he will rejoin his parents today."

WILL EMULATE THE OLD AMEER. Habib Ullah Khan Gives Assurance to

ALLAHABAD, December 28 .- At a great durbar held at Cabul recently, the ameer, Habib Ullah Khan, addressing the assembled chieftains, promised to maintain the policy of his father, the late ameer, in guarding Afghanistan against foreign ag-gression and in preventing the introduction of railroads, telegraphs, European trade and education by missionaries.

Mr. Leishman Back at His Post. CONSTANTINOPLE, December 28 .- John G. A. Leishman, the United States minister to Turkey, arrived here today on his return

PROPOSED REMOVAL OF INDUSTRIAL HOME SCHOOL.

Navy Department Authorities Want Part of the Land for Observatory Surroundings.

Correspondence has passed between the Secretary of the Navy and the District Commissioners with regard to the acquisition by the United States of a trac. of land within the established limits of the naval observatory circle and occupied and used for the purposes of the Industrial Home School. This correspondence includes a report made by Mr. George S. Wilson, secretary of the board of charities of the District, to the effect that if the United States took the land in question lying within the observatory circle, comprising nearly seven acres, or about one-half of the entire tract used by the Industrial Home School, the remainder of the tract would not be nearly large enough for the purposes of the school. The suggestion was made that some equitable arrangement be sought by which the entire tract could be disposed of. The board was of opinion that if the entire tract was sold at a reasonable price the proceeds would suffice to obtain land and erect suitable buildings for the school in some location more remote from the center of population. In the opinion of the board a transfer of this kind would be made without serious detriment to the work

The District Commissioners forwarded a copy of this report to the Secretary of the vy, who has sent them a letter acknowl edging its receipt. The Secretary in his letter refers to the joint resolution of Con-gress, approved August 1, 1894, providing for the establishment of the observatory circle, as indicating the purpose of Con gress to "guard the delicate astronomics instruments" in use at the observatory. In furtherance of that purpose all lands lying within the limits of the circle have here within the limits of the circle have heretofore been acquired or are now in process
of acquirement by the Navy Department,
with the exception of the Industrial Home
School property. In view of the considerations mentioned by the board of charities
the suggestion has been made that the autherities of the District and the Navy De partment unite in asking authority from Congress to carry into effect the transfer of the desired part of the tract of land to the government and to use the money real-ized from the sale of the entire tract in the establishment of the Industrial Home School in another locality.

ILLINOIS WANTS A PLACE.

Mr. Foss Suggested in Case of Secre-

tary Long's Retirement. If there are to be more changes Illinois would like to have a representative in the cabinet. The Illinois view of the cabinet situation was presented to the President this morning by Senators Cullom and Mason of that state, who were among the few visitors seen by the President.

Illinois is watching other states picking up the good things in the administration's household and feels that for one of the biggest states in the Union, it is not getting its share. The President has also been convinced that he has no stronger friends than those in Illinois, and that there are a dozen men in the state big

enough for the cabinet. The Illinois senators were earnest in the presentation of their views, and the President listened to them with close attention, promising to give the facts presented due consideration in case of future vacancies in the cabinet

Senators Mason and Cullom did not present the names of any candidates for cab-inet honors, saying that they were more interested in the state than in any partic-

It is thought that if at any time in the future Secretary Long should insist upon withdrawing from the cabinet the chances would favor the selection of Representative George Edmund Foss of the seventh Illinois district and chairman of the House committee on naval affairs as Secretary of

Mr. Foss' knowledge of naval affairs equired in his committee work, in travel through Europe and in special study of the navy and its needs, eminently fits him, it is suggested, for the head of the

FUNERAL OF COL. RICHARDS.

Will Be Buried at Arlington Next Tuesday Afternoon.

The War Department is informed that the remains of Lieut, Col. W. B. Richards. 7th Infantry, who died at Vancouver Barracks about two weeks ago, will arrive here over the Baltimore and Ohio railroad Monday at 11:55 o'clock a.m., and will be removed to a vault at the Arlington cemetery, where the interment will be made with becoming military ceremonies Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The pallbearers will be Lieut. Col. Thomas H. Barry, Lieut. Col. George Andrews, Lieut. Col. John A. Johnston, Lieut. Col. Henry P. McCain and Major Henry A. Greene of the adjutant general's department and Major William M. Black, corps of engineers. Col. Richards rendered efficient service in Cuba during the military occupation of that island as adjutant general on the staffs of Gen. Brooke and Gen. Wood, and was only recently transferred to Vancouver Barracks, where he died.

· VETERANS EXCEPTED.

A Civil Service Rule That Does Not Apply to Them. The President, at the instance of the veteran associations, has amended the civil service rules applicable to the rural free delivery service, so as to except from the operation of the age limit veterans of the civil and Spanish-American wars, who file applications for appointment as carriers.

following correspondence: Civil Service Commission,

The change was effected as shown in the

Sir: I beg to submit herewith for your approval the draft of an amendment to sec tion 4, civil service rule V. This ame ment is submitted at the request of the Post Office Department, the practice of of the rural free delivery service having been to accept applications for rural let-ter carriers from honorably discharged soldiers and sailors of the civil war and of the Spanish-American war, without regard to the age of the said applicants, and it being desired by that department to continue the

same practice. JOHN PROCTER. 'Amendment to the civil service rule V. "Section 4 of the civil service rule V is hereby amended by inserting at the end of that part of the tabular statement therein under the heading of 'Post Office Service the following language, as a parenthesis. 'The age limitation shall not apply in the States soldier or sailor of the civil war or of the Spanish-American war who applies for the position of rural letter carrier.

(Signed)

T. ROOSEVELT.

"Approved December 27." Counterfeit Gold Certificate.

Chief Wilkie of the secret service has ssued a circular stating that there is in circulation a counterfeit \$20 gold certificate. He says it is an untinted photograph would not deceive any one who is used to handling money.

TO SELL THE ENTIRE TRACT AT THE WHITE HOUSE

Mr. Carnegie's Gift Will be Put in Satisfactory Form.

ASSURANCE TO THE PRESIDENT

Transferring Temporary Clerks to Classified Service.

RECEPTION OF DELEGATIONS

President Roosevelt has received information from Andrew Carnegie that will, it is believed, enable him to lay before Congress soon after it reassembles a proposition from Andrew Carnegie to give to the United States \$10,000,000 for use for higher education, the gift to be in money or in securities that will draw a large annual interest. Mr. Carnegie's offer will not be in bonds of the United States steel corporation, but will be in shape that will be perfectly satisfactory to Congress and to the

Mr. Carnegie, since taking lunch with the President a week or so ago, has been considering what steps he could take to put the gift in securities that would bring a good interest and be less troublesome in their management than a cash donation, which would have to be loaned out to obtain interest and involving much trouble in the process. United States bonds are so high in the markets that after the premium paid for them is deducted the net interest on the bonds is comparatively small—in fact, less than 2 per cent on any class of government security. So Mr. Carnegie will put the gift in a form that will be most advantageous to the government.

It is not understood that Mr. Carnegie will increase the original offer of \$10,000,000 at this time, believing that sum will be

Civil Service Classification.

From 300 to 500 temporary clerks now in the government employ will either be put in the classified service of the government by the President or he will recommend to Congress that this be done so strongly that some action will result. The indications are that the President will decide that it is in his power to classify these clerks. The matter, as announced in The Star yesterday, was talked over at yesterday's cabinet session. Secretary Root has 600 temporary employes on his rolls, and he believes that fully 300 of them have made records that would justify their being placed placed on the permanent rolls of the government. These clerks must be retained for years to come, as the War Department work will not lessen, and so the Secretary and the President think it better that the clerks should be made secure by classifica-tion within the civil service. In the Treasury and Navy Department there are more than a hundred clerks in similar positions, and the President, if he issues an order, will transfer to the classified service anywhere from 300 to 500 persons.

Historical Association Delegates.

A number of the officials and others at tending the seventeenth annual meeting of the American Historical Association called at the White House today, among those present being Prof. Charles Francis Adams. president; Prof. J. F. Jamison, Chicago; Prof. Arthur Gilman, Cambridge; Wayne McVeagh and Clarence Bowen. dent is a member of the association, and at one of the recent annual meetings made an address. He regretted that he would not be able to do so today and kept the delegation some time, discussing literary and historical matters with them. The talk ranged from Dickens to Herodotus, and was thoroughly enjoyable to all.

A West Point Graduate. Senator Mason had a talk with the Presi-

dent about the case of young Mueller of Chicago, who graduated from West Point several years ago, but was not certified for a commission by the board at West Point. Young Mueller's conduct, it is said, had been such that he was about to be suspended from the institution, when President McKinley interfered and adjusted matters, so that he continued at the academy It is hoped to get President Roosevelt t reconsider the case and to order a commission issued to young Mueller. Representatives of College Graduates.

The President received a delegation of the Confederation of Graduate Clubs, which have been in session in this city. There were about twenty-five ladies and gentlemen in the party, and they were received in the cabinet room. The President was in a happy mood, and responded with a series of witty remarks as the members of the delegation were presented, some of whom

School Teachers Call. About 300 school teachers of New York and Brooklyn were at the White House today, but were not received by the Presi-

Army Vacancies,

dent.

Secretary Root had a conference with the President concerning the army vacancies that are to be filled when Congress meets. No decision was reached or announcement made as to the selection. Others matters pertaining to the War Department were

TO RECEIVE INDEMNITY.

Secretary Gage Recommends Consul General Goodnow.

By agreement between Secretaries Hay, Root and Gage the last named has sent to the State Department his approval of the recommendation made by Minister Conger that John Goodnow, consul general at Shanghai, China, be designated as provisional fiscal agent of the United States in China to receive the money paid by the Chinese government as indemnity. It is understood that negotiations are now in progress for another fiscal agent.

John J. McCook of New York, accompanied by Edward F. Cragin, vice president, and H. Hardy, secretary of the International Banking Corporation, called at the department to make a formal application for the selection of their bank as fiscal agent for the United States in the far

Lieut. Stout's Resignation. President Roosevelt has accepted the res ignation of First Lieut. Harry H. Stout, ordnance department, to take effect at once.

Selected by Admiral Evans.

Lieut. F. L. Chapin, now on duty at the bureau of equipment, Navy Department. has been selected by Rear Admiral R. D. Evans to be his flag secretary when he assumes command of a division of the Asiatic squadron. Lieut. Chapin is an officer of ability, and has been actively identified with the survey for the proposed Pacific cable, and also with preliminary plans for cable, estations

The War Department is advised of the arrival of the transport Rosecrans at Ma-

CONFERRING WITH SCHLEY.

Discussing Question of a Suit on Account of Maciny's History. Admiral Schley was joined at his apartments at the Richmond today by his counsel, Mr. Isadore Rayner, and Mr. Teague, both of whom came over from Baltimore at the admiral's request, in order to consider what further steps, if any, were to be taken in the Schley case.

Mr. Rayner and Mr. Teague came from Baltimore at 11 o'clock and went immediately to the Richmond. Admiral Schley was not at the hotel when they arrived. He had gone out for a walk, but he returned about a half hour later and, with his counsel, went to his apartments.

Earlier in the day Admiral Schley was asked by an Evening Star reporter for a statement. He said:

"The court of inquiry has finished its work and anything pertaining to it has eased to be of public interest. Anything that I may conclude to do, after conferring with my counsel, is of interest only to myself. What I may do is of private interest. I do not desire to talk for publication. My counsel have wired me that they will be here today. There are a number of things I desire to discuss with them and they desire to discuss with me.'

The parties to the conference remained ogether throughout the morning and well into the afternoon. When representatives of the press sent up cards of inquiry they were politely returned with the statemen that there were no developments and noth ing to be made public at the present time. It is understood that the special purpose of the meeting is to decide what shall be done in the way of a civil action against the author or publishers of the Maclay history which was the basis of the recent investigation.

After the conference Mr. Rayner and Mr Teague both declared that there was no statement to be given out concerning what was discussed. It is understood that these attorneys will recommend a suit for damages against the Appletons, who were publishers of Maclay's book.

The conference between Admiral Schley

and his counsel closed about 2 o'clock, and Mr. Rayner returned to Baltimore. statement was made as to the results reached, except that such further steps as might be taken would deal with legal rather than naval phases of the controversy.

Admiral and Mrs. Schley will leave in

about a week for a trip south, to be gone about two weeks. They have not yet made up the points to be visited.

OVER 27,000.

Number of Government Employes in

In response to a request by Senator Mc-Millan, Mr. Merriam, director of the census, has made a compilation of the number of employes of the United States government in the District of Columbia on July 1, 1901.

The grand total of such employes is 27,605, of which number 20,100 are men and 7,496 are women. Of this number 1,117 are in the legislative, 26,449 in the executive and 39 in the judicial branch of the government. This summary of the government employes includes all officers, clerks and other employes of the United States government employed in the District of Colum-United States senators, representatives, justices of the Supreme Court of the United States and the officers, clerks and other employes of the government of the District of Columbia. It does not include seventyone officers of the army on duty at the War Department nor twenty-seven officers of the navy and four officers of the United State marine corps on duty at the Navy Depart-

This statement shows the number of employes in the several departments of the government are as follows: State Depart. War Department, 2,711; Navy Department 3,077; Post Office Department, 1,049; Interior Department, 7.672: Department Justice, 212; Department of Agriculture, 982; government printing office, 3,691; executive office, 28; department of labor, 84; fish commission, 67; interstate commerce commission, 133; civil service commission, 61; industrial commission, 17; Smithsoniar Institution, 359; bureau of American republics, 22; local post office in District. Senate officers and employes, 385; House of Representatives, 272; Capitol police, 65; Library of Congress, 367; United States botanic garden, 28; Supreme Court of the United States, 12; Court of Claims, 27.

ORDERS TO ARMY OFFICERS.

Directions Regarding Attendance White House Reception. Lieutenant General Miles, commanding the army, has issued a general order as fol-

The following instructions have been re-

ceived from the Secretary of War: Officers of the army in this city and at Washington barracks and at Fort Myer will assemble, in full uniform, at the office of the lieutenant general commanding on Wednesday, January 1, 1902, not later than 11:25 a.m., and proceed thence to the Executive Mansion to pay their respects to the President of the United States. The commanding general and general staff officers of the District of Columbia National Guard are invited to assemble in the order named for officers of the army.

The formation will be made, under the di rection of the adjutant general, in the fol-1. Officers on the active list, according to corps and regiments, as given in the Army Register.

2. Officers on the retired list, in the order of corps and regiments to which they for

THE NAVY GRATEFUL. Tribute to Soldiers Who Sought for an

Appremilee's Bedy Secretary Long has written a letter to the Secretary of War highly commending the conduct of Captain G. A. Detchemendy and Lieut. Parket Hitt, 22d Infantry, and the men under their command, for the "zeal and perseverance" with which they prosecuted the search for the remains of D. G. A. Venville, a first-class apprentice in the

navy, who was murdered by Filipino insurrectionists at Baler, P. I.

"The fact that the loss of one naval apprentice," says Secretary Long, "in the multitude of fatal and other casualties

multitude of fatal and other casualties which have occurred during the insurrection in the Philippines could have inspired such unselfish and hazardous service as was involved in the search for the remains of D. G. A. Venville is a high tribute to the character of the solders of the United States army, and will tend to unite the navy to it in closer bonds.

"I have the honor to request that you will transmit to the officers and enlisted men above mentioned the grateful appreciation and commendation not only of the Navy Department, but of the officers and enlisted men of the entire navy, for this act, and for the thoughtful remembrance of the family of the boy who was so cruelly murdered."

The War Department has of the resolutions adopted by the Mer-chants' Association of New York, declar-ing for a reduction of the duty on Cuban products coming into the United States on products coming into the Pulted States on products coming into the Pulted States on reciprocal lines. The resolutions recite the last declaration of President McKinley on this subject, as well as President Roosevelt's expression in his annual message to Congress, and Secretary Root's long commendation of the principle of Cuban reciprocity.

HEAVY BRITISH LOSS HITCH IN THE NEGOTIATIONS

Kitchener Sends Additional Details of Disaster at Zeefontein.

IFI HTING WAS VERY SEVERE

Boers Climbed a Precipice and Rushed the Camp.

SENTRIES SHOT DOWN

LONDON, December 28.-The war office this afternoon issued a list of the British casualties at Zeefontein December 24 (when Colonel Firman's camp, consisting of three companies of yeomanry and two guns, was successfully rushed by a Boer force under the command of General De Wet). The length of the list demonstrates the entire success of De Wet's attack. Six officers and fifty men were killed, eight officers were wounded and four are missing. It is presumed that the missing officers were taken along with the captured guns.

The numbers of the non-commissioned officers and men wounded and missing have not yet been received, but the aggregate promises to make the Zeefontein affair a memorable disaster to the British. Simultaneously with the above the war office gave out a dispatch from Lord Kitchener. chronicling a minor success of the South African constabulary, who raided Bothaville and captured thirty-six Boers.

Details of the Fight.

In a subsequent message Lord Kitchener sends a stirring account of the fighting at Zeefontein, showing that the wounded and prisoners must number about 150. He says that in the absence of Col. Firman, Maj. Williams, who was killed, was in command. The column was encamped on the slope of a kopje, the southern side of which was precipitous. Outposts held the edge of the precipice.

The northern slope, on which the camp was pitched, was gentle. The outposts were well pushed out, and the position, naturally strong, had been entrenched. It was a moonlight night. The Boers appear to have climbed the precipice, and mustering near the top at 2 a.m. suddenly attacked the picket on the summit. the picket on the summit. Before the men could get clear of their tents the Boers swooped through them, shooting the soldiers down as they came out.

Most of the Pritish officers were shot

while trying to stem the rush. Lieutenant Harw (?) himself, opened fire with the "pom-poms" and was shot through the heart while firing. Lieutenant Watney was killed while leading a charge. There Was No Panic. There was no panic and all engaged did their best. But, once the picket was overwhelmed, the superior force of the Boers

killed and wounded, about half the umn is now at Eland's River bridge. The remainder are prisoners. A fifteen pounder, after two rounds, became jammed. The men composing the detachment stood by the gun and were shot down

Lieut. Scarlett, who was wounded verlooked by the Boers and left behind. He saw two wagon loads of dead and wounded Boers carried off. They were mostly hit during the first attack on the

The Boers, who apparently numbered about 1,200, under General De Wet, behaved well, leaving men to look after the wounded The Imperial Light Horse were fourteen miles distant. They heard of the fight at 1:30 and arrived on the scene at 6:30. ter breathing their horses they galloped after the Boers, who, however, succeeded i reaching the broken country, where the Light Horse were useless against superior

MANUFACTURES OF TENNESSEE.

Establishments Increased 75 Per Cent in Ten Years. A bulletin was issued from the censu

bureau today giving statistics as to the manufacturing industries of Tennessee. The number of establishments found in the year 1900 was 8,009, as against 4,559 enumerated by the earlier census, which is an increase in ten years of 75 per cent. Other figures given are as follows: Capital invested in 1900, \$71,222,680; in 1890, \$51,475, 002; an increase of 38 per cent; average number of wage earners in 1900, 50,274 in 1890, 37,487; an increase of 34 per cen total wages paid in 1900, \$16.552,534; in 1890, \$13,557,180; an increase of 22 per cent

Army Orders.

Major Garland N. Whistler, Artillery Corps, has been ordered to Fort Monroe, Va., to examine the system of fire control

at that post. Major Richard P. Strong, Artillery Corps has been granted an extension of leave on account of sickness, for three months. First Lieut. George D. Freeman, jr., 21st

Infantry, has been granted an extension of leave for two months. Lieut. Col. Morris C. Foote, 9th Infantry, has been granted an extension of leave for

Captain Henry D. Borup, ordnance de-partment, has been ordered to assume temporarily the duty of inspecting material in process of manufacture for the ordnance department at works in Derby and Bridge port, Conn., relieving Major Ira MacNutt, ordnance department. Captain Borup will be relieved by Captain William S. Peirce, Lieut. Col. Selden A. Day, Artillery Corps

has been granted leave of absence for two Contract Surgeon Harry H. Van Kirk now in this city, has been ordered to Sun-bury, Ohio, for annulment of his contract. Maj. Charles B. Ewing, surgeon, has been ordered to duty at Fort Preble, Me. Hi will relieve Contract Surgeon Ernest Fowler, who is ordered to Fort Terry, ., to relieve Contract Surgeon Jose

Garlington, who is ordered to the Philippines for duty.

Capt. Allen D. Raymond and First Lieuts.

Jacob E. Wyke and William W. Ballard, jr., have been honorably discharged from the Porto Rico Provisional Regiment of Infantry, by reason of their acceptance of commissions as lieutenants in the Artillery Corps of the army. First Lieut, William S. Faulkner, 28th In-

fantry, has been ordered to Columbus bar-racks. Ohio, for duty with recruits that may be sent from that post to the Phil-First Lieut. Graham L. Johnson, 11th Ir fantry, has been relieved from recruiting duty at Cincinnati, Ohio, and ordered to

First Lieut. Harry L. Cooper, Porto Rico Provisional Regiment of Infantry, has been discharged with honor from that regiment, in order to accept an appointment as first lieutenant in the infantry branch of the

lieutenant in the infantry branch of the regular service. Second Lieuts. Dennis H. Currie has been transferred from the 109th Company of Coast Artillery to 24th Battery of Field Artillery; John S. Johnston, from the unassigned list to 109th Company, Coast Artillery; Fielding L. Poindexter, from 41st Company, Coast Artillery; John O. Steger, to 104th Company Coast Artillery; John O. Steger, to 104th Company Coast Artillery; Charles M. Bunker, from 116th Company, Coast Artillery, to 14th Company, Coast Artillery, to 14th Company, Coast Artillery, to 14th Company, Coast Artillery, coast Artillery, to 14th Company, Coast Artillery, Coast Artillery,

ARGENTINA OBJECTS TO TERMS OF THE PROTOCOL.

Riotous Demonstrations at Buenos Ayres Last Night-Statement of Chilean Charge d'Affaires.

Official advices received in diplomatic quarters here indicate that the Chile-Argenine controversy is again opened. According to these advices, the peace protocol referring the whole subject to arbitration was signed at Santiago three days ago. But the action of the Argentine minister in placing his signature to the document seems to have caused resentment at Buenos Ayres, both among the prominent officials and the people. Accordingly, yesterday, the Argentine minister informed the Chilean foreign office that he was unable to concur in all of the terms which had heretofore been agreed upon and signed. In particular, he specified two points on which the Argentine government refused to subscribe: First, the

withdrawal of police from the Ultima Es-

peranza province; and, second, the submis-

sion to King Edward VII of England. The

formal refusal of Argentina to sign has not yet been submitted, but the informal statement of the minister to the Chilean

foreign office is regarded as a serious in-terruption, if not a termination, of the proposed settlement.

The riotous demonstrations which oc curred in the streets of Buenos Ayres last night are thought to have resulted from the signing of this protocol, and to have been expressive of popular disapproval of the settlement with Chile. The popular sentiment in Argentina is very warlike, and this leads to the belief in well-posted quar-ters that President Roca will not succeed

in any policy which contemplates an ad-

ustment with Chile.

The Chilean charge d'affaires, Mr. Infante, said today:
"I note a published statement to the effect that Argentina looked upon the recent protocol as an evidence of her very pacific tendencies in that it yielded what she re-garded as her unquestionable rights in the Ultima Esperanza district. As a matter of act, the Ultima Esperanza district has been in the undisputed possession of Chile for some time. Our police were there, and so, when it came to a question of ar-ranging a status quo, pending a final settlement, an understanding was reached that the jurisdiction of Chile should be maintained in Ultima Esperanza territory. Under these circumstances, it is difficult to see how Argentina has yielded any unques-tionable right, for if there has been any yielding in the interests of continued peace, it has been through the considerateness of

BUENOS AYRES, December 28.—The street demonstrations here were renewed last night on the Mayo avenue. The po-lice charged the rioters several times. A ast night on the Mayo avenue. few persons were injured.

DESERTIONS FROM THE ARMY.

Subject of Special Attention in Gen. Otis' Report. had all the advantage. Including the CHICAGO, December 28 .- The annual rert of Major General Ely mander of the department of the lakes was made public here today. Gen. Otis calls attention to an increase in the number of desertions, and calls attention to the

need for room for confining military prisoners. There are at present 135 prisoners at the various posts, the majority of them being charged with desertion. During the year 20,320 persons applied for enlistment. and 5,195, or 25.55 per cent, were accepted For service in the navy there were 1,140 enlistments, compared with 975 last year.

ALDEN'S ACCOUNT SHORT. Missing New York Official Thought to

Be \$3,187 Behind. NEW YORK, December 28.-The commissioners of accounts reported to Mayor Van Wyck today that they had letter was couched in warm terms of cor made special examination of the cash accounts of which Charles A. Alden was act ing trustee and acting treasurer for Commissioner of Charities Keller and that they had found a shortage of \$3,187. In the ab sence of Mr. Alden's cash and check book, the commissioners do not certify to the exactness of their findings. Alden went to Philadelphia on December 21 and has not

been heard from since. THROWN IN AUSTRIAN JAIL.

Mr. Greenburg Will Lay His Case Before This Government.

SEATTLE, Wash., December 28.-Benjamin Greenburg, a resident of this city, who was arrested three years ago and thrown into an Austrian prison, where he was held for two months, has returned to this city. According to Greenburg's story he was thrown into a damp dungeon by the police authorities at Tarnopol, Austria, and told that he would be released if he paid \$1,000. He refused and was kept there two months. His plight was discovered by the American consul at Vienna and he was released on bail, after a charge had been preferred against him that he was a Greek named Peter Carpovich, who had been expelled from the country several years previously for procuring women for immoral purposes His case was finally transferred to highest courts, where evidence was intro-

duced to prove his identity. "The money I put up as bail to secure my release while the trial was pending, said Greenburg, "has never been returned to me and I intend to lay the facts before

the authorities at Washington.' SHINARO MARU AT SEATTLE.

Put Out Fire. SEATTLE, Wash., December 28. Japanese steamer Shinaro Maru, which returned to Port Townsend with her cargo on fire, has arrived here. Her 107 passengers have been landed and her hold has been filled with water. When the fire was discovered steam was forced into the hold, which kept the fire in check. It has been found that the fire had made little progress. Capt. Cope thinks that most of the cargo

McKinley Memorial Fund Grown CHICAGO, December 28.-Alexander H. Revell, chairman of the Illinois auxiliary of the McKinley Memorial Association, reports that the monument fund for the state is fast approaching the \$25,000 mark. The total amount subscribed to date is \$20,919.

Fire at Gallipolis, Ohio. GALLIPOLIS, Ohio, December 28 .- The four-story building of the Gallipolis Furniture Company burned last night. Loss about \$75,000, with \$45,000 insurance.

John J. Kelly Found Dead. NEW YORK, December 28.-John Kelly, former member of the New Jersey ssembly from Bordentown, was found dead in bed in Jersey City today. Death was caused by inhaling illuminating gas. Kelly was in good spirits last night and his friends do not believe he committed sui-cide. He was fifty-eight years old.

Gen. Alger Steadily Improving DETROIT, Mich., December 28.-Ger R. A. Alger passed another excellent night and is in most satisfactory condition today.

HAVOC IN ITS WAKE

A BUSINESS AXIOM.

Money spent in continu-

ous advertising in the daily

press draws interest that is

compounded daily.

Reports of Damage by Wednesday's Storm in Northwest,

FEARS FOR SAFETY OF VESSELS

Damage on Shore Was Also Heavy in Many Places.

ONE TOWN UNDER WATER

SEATTLE, Wash., December 28.-The worst story of marine disaster in all the history of the north Pacific is expected by local marine men from Clallam bay. The fate of nine vessels caught by the Christmas storm in that body of water is not known. Old mariners fear that one or all may be lost. Sound tugs have gone on the cokout for those craft.

These vessels are: American ship William H. Macy, American ship Banalore, British ship Oweenee, British ship Ivema, American barkentine Katy Flackinger, American bark Carleton, three American schooners, names unknown.

All were seen at anchor in Clallam bay Christmas day, and none of them is known to have left before the storm broke. That any vessel caught in the bay during the storm could not have escaped is the opinon of marine men. Havoe Wrought in Straits.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., December 28.-Reports of havoc wrought by the storm down the straits are being brought in by boats and confirm the first reports of disaster to shipping, with the exception of the ship Packard, which, according to reports brought here by the steamer North Pacific, is not ashore on Trial Island, but, after dragging from her anchorage in Royal Roads, brought up near the entrance to Victoria harbor. She is not in immediate danger unless another storm should come up.

The schooner Minnie A. Caine is high and

dry on the north side of Smith Island. The British bark Bankburn is reported missing. She was anchored in the Royal roads, and her captain, who was ashore when the storm came up, was unable to get aboard. During the night the bark broke from her anchorage, and nothing has been

heard from her since.

VANCOUVER, B. C., December 28.—Several hundred thousand dollars' damage was done by floods after Wednesday night's storm in the delta of the Frazer. The Labrador contents of the storm in the delta of the storm in the rador cannery was swept away and the Alliance and North Arm canneries were badly damaged. Damage was done to the salmon pack in other canneries, and the packing houses of Richmond, Colonial and Cleeve, The greatest part of the dykes Cleeve, surrounding Lulu and Sea Islands were carried away. The town of Steveston is under four feet of water.

damage to property along the water fronthere. J. B. Leonhard was drowned while attempting to take a sallboat to Shelton. A large portion of the grade of the Great

NEW WHATCOM, Wash., December 28

-The storm of Thursday wrought great

Northern's new water front cut off south of

this city was destroyed by the action of the waves. WELCOME TO THE CARINET. Secretary Wilson Sends Greeting to Gov. Shaw. DES MOINES, Iowa, December 28 .- Gov.

Agriculture Wilson today congratulating and welcoming him into the cabinet. The diality. The expected letter from the President tendering the formal appointment to the

Shaw received a letter from Secretary of

governor had not been received up to 1 clock, but is expected this afternoon.

TWO FUNERALS FOR CHILD. Alice Jayne of Chicago Will Alac Have Two Interments.

CHICAGO, December 28 .- Two funerals and two burials will take place here in disposing of the body of six-year-old Alice Jayne. The child's parents are divorced. Mrs. Jayne remarried and the child was living with her father when she died. Both insisted on having possession of the body and the matter was referred to the coroner, in whose presence the agreement was made, The funeral and burial under direction of the father, Arthur Jayne, will take place first, after which the body will be disin-

terred and given to the mother.

"Nell" Cropsey Case.

CHARGES MURDER. Verdict of Coroner's Jury in the

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., December 28. -The verdict of the coroner's jury upon the death of Miss Nell Cropsey, whose body was found in the Pasquotank river yester day, was read today in front of the coroner's office to the people of Elizabeth City. Because of the feeling against James Wilcox, the sweetheart of the dead girl, the publication of the verdict in this city was deterred in the hope that the intense ex-citement would have subsided by today. The lack of sympathy for Wilcox was marked in the large crowd assembled a the coroner's office to hear the reading of

Following is the verdict of the coroner's jury:
"We, the coroner's jury, having been duly summoned and sworn by Dr. I. Fearing, to inquire what caused the death of from the investigation made by three cians of Elizabeth City, and from opinion, and also from our personal observation, that said Elia M. Cropsey came to her death by being stricken a blow on the left temple, and by being drowned in the

left temple, and by being drowned in the Pasquotank river.

"We have not yet investigated nor heard any testimony touching as to who inflicted the blow and did the drowning. We are informed that one James Wilcox is charged with same, and is now in custody. We recommend that investigation as to his or any one else's probable guilt be had by one or more magistrates in Elizabeth City township, and that said Wilcox be held to await said investigation."

said investigation."
Signed by I. Fearing, P. S. Shipp, B. F. Spence, Maurice Westcott, Robert J. Mitchell, J. B. Ferebee and J. H. LeRoy. TRINIDAD, Col., December 28 .- Six per-

sons who were injured in the wreck on the

Colorado and Southern railroad near Ha-

rela yesterday were brought to the hos pital in this city. They are: Mrs. Part Holman, Lamar, Col.; R. J. Bishop, Gage, Okla.; Harry Powell, Clayton, N. M.; Rev. A. P. Morrison, Albuquerque, N. M.; Jos. Bell, Lamar; F. Sullivan, Houston, Tex. It is believed all will recover.

Steamship Arrivals. At Queenstown-Etruria, New York for Storm at St. Joseph, Me

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., De